

历下区 2020 年初三年级学业水平第一次模拟考试

英语试题

本试题分选择题部分和非选择题部分，共 10 页，满分为 150 分，考试用时 120 分钟。

答题前，请考生务必将自己的姓名、座号和准考证号填写在答题卡上，并同时将考点、姓名、准考证号和座号填写在试卷规定的位置。

答题时，选择题部分每小题选出答案后，用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑；如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。非选择题部分，用 0.5 毫米黑色签字笔在答题卡上题号所提示的答题区域作答。直接在试题上作答无效。

考试结束后，将本试题和答题卡一并交回。

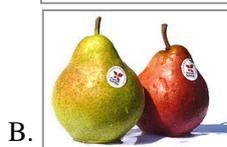
选择题部分 共 105 分

I. 听力测试 (30 分)

A) 听录音，从每组句子中选出一个你所听到的句子。每个句子听一遍。

- | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. A. How are you, Dave! | B. Good afternoon, Mr. Green! | C. See you tomorrow! |
| 2. A. Is he your brother? | B. Do you have a soccer ball? | C. Are those her keys? |
| 3. A. Let me get the jacket. | B. How about going shopping? | C. Why not take a walk? |
| 4. A. What fruit do you like? | B. When is your birthday? | C. Who is reading there? |
| 5. A. We are good with the old. | B. They love their teachers. | C. You are my best friend. |

B) 听录音，从每题 A、B、C 三幅图画中选出与听到的对话内容相符的一项。每段对话听两遍。



C)在录音中,你将听到一段对话及五个问题。请根据对话内容及问题选择正确答案。对话及问题听两遍。

- | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 11. A. Next weekend. | B. This weekend. | C. Last weekend. |
| 12. A. Five. | B. Two. | C. Three. |
| 13. A. Fruit and vegetables. | B. Juice and bread. | C. Food and drink. |
| 14. A. His dad. | B. His mom. | C. His friend. |
| 15. A. Both. | B. Cooking. | C. Cleaning. |

D)在录音中,你将听到一篇短文及五个问题。请根据短文内容及问题选择正确答案。短文及问题听两遍。

- | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 16. A. In a month. | B. In a week. | C. in three days. |
| 17. A. The wall. | B. The door. | C. A piece of paper. |
| 18. A. On the third day. | B. On the fourth day. | C. On the fifth day. |
| 19. A. Happy. | B. Tired. | C. Surprised. |
| 20. A. The piece of paper. | B. Mr. Brown. | C. The visitor. |

II. 读音选词 根据所给句意和音标,从每题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出一个最佳答案。(5 分)

21. —How often do you do sports?

—I do sports _____ / twaɪs/ a day.

- | | | | |
|----------|----------|----------|--------|
| A. twice | B. twins | C. tooth | D. try |
|----------|----------|----------|--------|

22. Jimmy is becoming a more _____ / 'lʌvli/ boy.

- | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| A. lovely | B. living | C. lively | D. lonely |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|

23. Go down this street and turn _____ / left/. You will see a library in front of you.

- | | | | |
|----------|---------|--------|---------|
| A. light | B. left | C. let | D. lift |
|----------|---------|--------|---------|

24. My _____ / 'feɪvərɪt/ snack is potato chips.

- | | | | |
|-------------|---------|------------|-----------|
| A. favorite | B. free | C. foreign | D. future |
|-------------|---------|------------|-----------|

25. At that time, the computer was a great _____ /m'venʃ(ə)n/.

- | | | | |
|-----------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| A. invent | B. invitation | C. invention | D. inventor |
|-----------|---------------|--------------|-------------|

III. 选择填空 从每题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出一个最佳答案。(20 分)

26. —Have you ever seen _____ new movie, *IP MAN 4*(叶问 4)?

—Yes, and Donnie Yen is my favorite actor.

- | | | | |
|------|-------|--------|------|
| A. a | B. an | C. the | D. / |
|------|-------|--------|------|

27. —I'm always afraid to ask questions because of my poor _____.

—You'd better practice speaking English more.

- | | |
|------------------|----------------|
| A. introduction | B. information |
| C. pronunciation | D. instruction |

28. —What do you think of Tom?

—He is a(n) _____ boy who is always telling the truth.

- | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|----------|-------------|
| A. humorous | B. honest | C. brave | D. creative |
|-------------|-----------|----------|-------------|

29. The flower shop is _____ the shoe store and the library..

- A. on B. for C. from D. between
30. —I think Mrs. Lin is the most excellent teacher in our school.
—_____. She teaches us well and cares about us a lot.
A. Simply B. Mainly
C. Exactly D. Mostly
31. —Happy birthday, Mr. Wang! Here are some presents from _____ of us.
—Thank you so much, boys and girls!
A. both B. neither C. either D. all
32. Daily homework is necessary, _____ too much homework may bring harm to students.
A. so B. but C. for D. or
33. If you want to try some local food, don't _____ the food festival this weekend.
A. miss B. carry C. hold D. bring
34. Pass me the dictionary, please. I want to _____ some new words.
A. look for B. look up
C. look after D. look through
35. —_____ do you communicate with your foreign friends?
—By writing e-mails.
A. How B. Why C. Where D. When
36. —I just saw Peter in the library.
—It _____ be him. He is studying in the classroom.
A. needn't B. mustn't
C. shouldn't D. can't
37. When I got into the classroom, Alan _____ a book quietly. He didn't notice me.
A. read B. will read C. was reading D. is reading
38. It is 4:30 pm. Ben and Leon _____ their work, so they are playing chess now.
A. finish B. finishing
C. have finished D. will finish
39. —Are you taller than your cousin, Mike?
—No, I am as _____ as him.
A. tall B. taller C. high D. higher
40. —Are you willing to live on Mars one day?
—_____. It sounds interesting, but it still worries me.
A. I'm not sure B. Sure, I will
C. That's all right D. I hope so
- 41.—Your dress is very beautiful.
—Thank you. It is made of silk and it _____ very comfortable.
A. smells B. tastes C. feels D. sounds
42. —Do you know that our class won first prize in *Dictation Assembly of Chinese Characters*?

—Really? _____ good news!

- A. How B. How a C. What D. What a

43. —Why are you so sleepy?

—Because I _____ to prepare for the English test last night.

- A. put up B. stayed up C. set up D. went up

44. Twins' father has _____ for two weeks. They miss him so much.

- A. left our home B. got there C. gone abroad D. been away

45. — Could you tell me _____ so well?

—Without the teacher's help, it was impossible for me to get the prize.

- A. how did you do it B. when you did it
C. why did you do it D. how you did it

IV. 完形填空 阅读短文，从每题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出一个能填入文章中相应空白处的最佳答案。(15 分)

A passenger told an air hostess (空姐) that he needed a cup of water to take medicine when the plane just took off. She told him that she would bring him the 46 soon.

Twenty minutes 47, when the passenger's ring for service sounded, the air hostess realized it at once. She was kept so busy that she 48 to bring him the water. Therefore, the passenger was held up (延迟) to take his medicine. She hurried over to him with a cup of water, but he 49 it.

In the following hours on the flight, 50 time the air hostess passed the passenger, she would ask him with a smile 51 he needed help or not. But the passenger never 52 her words.

When he was going to get off the 53, the passenger asked the air hostess to hand him the passengers' booklet (意见簿). She was very 54. She knew that he would write down sharp words, which might make her 55 the job. 56 with a smile she handed it to him.

Off the plane, she 57 the booklet, and cracked a smile, for the passenger put it, "On the flight, you asked me if I needed help for twelve times 58. How can I refuse 59 twelve sincere smiles?"

That's right! It was the twelve smiles of the air hostess that touched (感动) the passenger 60 and of course she wouldn't lose her job!

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------|-------------|------------------|
| 46. A. milk | B. juice | C. coffee | D. water |
| 47. A. out | B. later | C. ago | D. after |
| 48. A. remembered | B. forgot | C. wanted | D. learned |
| 49. A. accepted | B. took | C. refused | D. received |
| 50. A. some | B. either | C. another | D. each |
| 51. A. why | B. when | C. whether | D. how |
| 52. A. paid attention to | B. thought of | C. heard of | D. worried about |
| 53. A. coach | B. bus | C. train | D. plane |
| 54. A. happy | B. cheerful | C. sad | D. excited |

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------|
| 55.A. lose | B. get | C. find | D. take |
| 56.A. And | B. So | C. Then | D. But |
| 57.A. opened | B. closed | C. destroyed | D. hid |
| 58.A. at all | B. in all | C. of all | D. all over |
| 59.A. her | B. your | C. their | D. our |
| 60.A. peacefully | B. comfortably | C. deeply | D. slowly |

V. 补全对话 阅读对话，从每题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出一个最佳答案完成对话。(5 分)

A: Hello, Sally! _____ 61 _____

B: I'm fine, thanks.

A: Where did you go for your school trip?

B: My class went to the park. We had a picnic there.

A: _____ 62 _____

B: We took the bus.

A: _____ 63 _____

B: Yes. We played games and sang songs. The teacher joined us. We really enjoyed the time together.

A: What about the picnic? _____ 64 _____

B: Oh, lots of things. We had sandwiches, cookies, fruit, juice...._____ 65 _____

A: We haven't decided yet.

61. A. Nice to meet you.

B. What's this?

C. This is my sister.

D. How are you?

62. A. When did you go there?

B. How did you go there?

C. How far is it?

D. How long did you stay there?

63. A. Did you have a good time?

B. What did you do there?

C. Do you like animals?

D. Whom did you go with?

64. A. What did you eat?

B. When did you leave?

C. What's the matter?

D. How much is it?

65. A. Where is your pen pal from?

B. How was your school trip?

C. Where are you going for the school trip?

D. Where did you go yesterday?

VI. 阅读理解 阅读下列短文，从每题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出一个能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳答案。(30 分)

A

"What's the matter, Bob?" asks Mrs. White, "Why do you look so sad?"

"Mum, I wish we can stay in New York. I have many friends there. We are new here, and I have no friends now." Bob says.

"You will soon make friends here," says Mrs. White, "wait and see!" At this time, someone is knocking at the door. Mrs. White opens it. A woman with a nice smile stands there.

"Hello," she says, "I'm Mrs. Green, I live next door." "Come in, please." Says Mrs. White, "Bob and I are so glad to see you. Do you want any help?" "Yes, I come here to ask for two eggs," says Mrs. Green, "I want to make a cake." "You may have the eggs," says Mrs. White, "but please sit down. Let's have coffee and talk a little, OK?"

In the afternoon, someone knocks at the door again. Mrs. White opens it. There stands a boy with a nice smile.

"My name's Tom," he says, "Mother gives you this cake and these two eggs."

“Well, thank you, Tom.” Says Mrs. White, “Come in and meet my son, Bob” The two boys are about the same age.

“Let’s play football, OK?” says Bob, “I have a little dog. It will play with us.” Tom finds it fun to play football. Soon they have great fun playing football.

“I’m glad you live next door,” says Bob, “Now I have someone to play together.” “I’m glad your mother wants two eggs,” says Bob.

“She doesn’t really want the eggs,” Tom laughs, “She just wants to make friends with your mother!”

Then Bob laughs, too. “That’s a funny way to make friends,” he says, “but it’s a nice way.”

66. Why does Bob look so sad?

- A. He has no time to play football.
- B. He has too much homework.
- C. He has no friends here.
- D. He doesn’t like his new school.

67. Where did Bob’s family use to live?

- A. London.
- B. New York.
- C. New Zealand.
- D. San Francisco.

68. Why does Tom knock at Bob’s door?

- A. He wants to play football with Bob.
- B. He wants to give the cake and eggs.
- C. He wants to borrow Bob’s football.
- D. He wants to ask for eggs.

69. What’s Mrs. Green’s real purpose of asking for two eggs?

- A. To make friends with Mrs. White.
- B. To ask for two eggs.
- C. To give cakes.
- D. To look for Tom.

70. What’s the best title for the passage?

- A. How to ask for eggs.
- B. The friendship between two boys.
- C. How to make cakes.
- D. A funny way to make friends.

B

Are you short-sighted? If you are, your parents might have tried to do something to fix it, such as having you get an eye massage(按摩), take medicine or even get surgery(手术). People who offer these services or products often say that they can reduce or even cure short sight.

However, you will no longer see advertisements like this before long. The government has issued a notice to ban(禁止) businesses from using words like “recovery” or “short sight cure” in their advertisements.

The notice says that short sight cannot be completely cured with current medical technology. Therefore, these advertisements could mislead children and their parents.

Young people can prevent and control short sight by spending more time outside and less time in front of books or computers. People who have sight problems should first go to a hospital and let a doctor decide what to do.

More than 450 million Chinese have suffered from short sight since June 2018. Short sight rates are around 30 percent for primary school students, 60 percent for junior high school students and 80 percent for senior high school students. This is likely because students spend a lot of time reading books and using electronic devices.

To reduce short sight among young people, the government made a new plan last August. The plan is designed to limit the amount of time children spend playing video games, as well as limit the production of new video games.

71. Some people say that they can cure short sight to _____.
- A. show off their high-leveled skills
 - B. sell more products and services
 - C. share their medical technology
 - D. prove that eye massages are useful
72. Advertisements with the word “_____” will be banned by the government.
- A. recovery
 - B. eyesight
 - C. short sight
 - D. surgery
73. If you have a sight problem, you should _____ first.
- A. get surgery
 - B. get an eye massage
 - C. take some medicine
 - D. ask a doctor for advice
74. According to this passage, which group has the highest short sight rate?
- A. Primary school students.
 - B. Junior high school students.
 - C. Senior high school students.
 - D. College students.
75. From the last two paragraphs, we can know that _____.
- A. students should be stopped from using mobile phones
 - B. students in lower grades are more likely to get short sight
 - C. production of new video games will be limited
 - D. a law was made to protect the eyesight of people

C

Wu Yue, a 14-year-old student at a Junior High School in Hangzhou, usually has lunch with his classmates in their dining hall. But one day, a newcomer, the school headmaster, joined them at the same table. They talked about the food that the dining hall offered and had a nice chat.

Wu is not alone. Many students across China have the chance to eat with their headmasters. The government issued a notice on food safety and nutrition (营养) management in schools, asking headmasters from kindergarten to high school to have meals with students. The rule took effect (生效) on April 1st.

Many schools now have seats for school managers when they eat with students in the dining hall. After talking with them, the managers have to write reports and make suggestions to dining hall workers. Many students were asked about the food that they liked most. To their surprise, their



favorite dishes appeared in the dining hall later. "It's not just about the food. It makes me feel that I have a say in school," explained one student. "My ideas are valued."

Some headmasters regard these mealtime conversations as their main chance to communicate with students. And they notice that some students prefer meat to vegetables. "We are thinking about how to improve the dining hall's dishes and provide students with a healthy diet," one headmaster said. As students become more familiar with the school managers, they begin to express their own points of view.

"It's important to understand students' requirements. Our practice shows the school's sense of responsibility," another headmaster said.

76. Who is the newcomer to have lunch with students at the dining hall?

- A. The new student.
- B. The school teacher.
- C. The school headmaster.
- D. The dining hall worker.

77. When did the rule take effect?

- A. On April 1st.
- B. On March 1st.
- C. On January 1st.
- D. On May 1st.

78. What do the school managers have to do after eating with students?

- A. They have to take a walk with students in the schoolyard.
- B. They have to play games with students on the playground.
- C. They have to help the dining hall workers do some cleaning.
- D. They have to write reports and make suggestions to dining hall workers.

79. According to paragraph 4, what are the school managers thinking about?

- A. How to improve their dining hall conditions.
- B. How to provide students with a healthy diet.
- C. How to communicate with the parents.
- D. How to make friends with the students.

80. From this passage, we can infer(推断) _____.

- A. students are not satisfied with the school's management
- B. students now prefer fruit and vegetables to meat
- C. school managers pay more attention to food safety and nutrition
- D. the relationship between teachers and students becomes better

非选择题部分 共 45 分

VII. 选词填空 (10 分)

A. 阅读短文, 从方框中选择适当的单词填空 (每词限用一次)。

happy	nobody	proud	his	same
-------	--------	-------	-----	------

A rich woman has a valuable and beautiful vase (花瓶) and she is very (81)_____ of it. She decides to paint her bedroom the (82)_____ color as the vase. Several painters try to mix the color right, but (83)_____ come close enough to satisfy the woman. Finally, a painter named Peter comes along. He appears confident, saying he can definitely mix the right color. And he succeeds. The woman is (84)_____ with the result and Peter, the painter becomes very famous.

Many years later, Peter retires and turns (85)_____ business over to his son. "Dad," asks the son. "There's one thing I've been very curious about. How did you get those walls to match the vase so perfectly?" "Easy my son," Peter the painter answers. "I painted the vase!"

B. 阅读短文，从方框中选择适当的动词，并用其适当形式填空。有的需要加助动词或不定式符号(每词限用一次)。

buy	ask	put	save	sell
-----	-----	-----	------	------

The morning sun came out as Carlos and his dad began to work. With strong little arms, Carlos handed his dad baskets of pears and helped carry them onto the back of the truck. After all the pears (86) _____ into the truck, Carlos and his dad set off down the road. They set up the tent and table to sell pears, with a big sign "Pears For Sale" hanging in front. They were waiting for customers, but no one stopped (87) _____ any.

Later that afternoon, they packed the unsold pears. "If we don't sell these soon, they will get too soft." said his dad.

Too soft? thought Carlos. "Dad, I (88) _____ mom to help me."

The next morning, Carlos and his mom made some pear jam and filled several small bottles. He painted a new sign, "Taste for Free." They had customers all day long. Later that afternoon, they began to pack up the empty table. "Dad, I can't believe we (89) _____ all of the pears out." said Carlos happily.

"Not all, boy." laughed his dad. "I (90) _____ one for you just now."

VIII . 改写句子 按括号中的要求完成句子，每个空格填一个单词。(5分)

91. My classmates are going to skate on Sunday afternoon. (改为否定句)

My classmates _____ going to skate on Sunday afternoon.

92. It took me three years to complete my research. (就句子画线部分提问)

_____ did it take you to complete your research?

93. "Are you excited about going to the beach this weekend?" Linda asked me. (改写句子，句意不变)

Linda asked me _____ I _____ excited about going to the beach this weekend.

94. It's the duty for everyone to keep our city clean and beautiful. (改写句子，句意不变)

Everyone is _____ keeping our city clean and beautiful.

95. We raised a lot of money for the poor kids in the countryside last month.

(改写句子，句意不变)

A lot of money _____ by us for the poor kids in the countryside last month.

IX. 完成句子 根据汉语意思完成英语句子, 每个空格填一个单词。(5分)

96. 燕山中学的学生们用英语编写了一本大明湖观光手册。

A guide book of Daming Lake was written _____ by the students in Yanshan Middle School.

97. 据天气预报报道, 下周将会逐渐升温。

It will get warmer and warmer next week according to the _____.

98. 东京奥运会由于受到新冠病毒的影响, 将推迟至 2021 年夏天举行。

The Tokyo Olympic Games will be _____ until the summer in 2021 because of COVID-19.

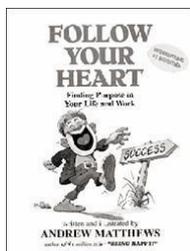
99. 春季是放风筝的最好季节, 这项传统的民间活动已有长达两千年的历史。

Spring is the best season for kite-flying. It is a _____ folk activity which has a _____ of more than 2,000 years.

100. 目前很多私立学校设置专门的课程帮助孩子们阅读更多中国的古典著作。

Many _____ schools offer special courses to help kids to read more classics of _____ China.

X. 阅读理解七选五 根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。(5分)



As school kids, we have many dreams. These dreams can be very big, such as winning the Nobel Prize. 101 You may just want to become one of the ten best students in your class.

Once you have found a dream, what do you do with it? Have you ever tried to achieve your dream? *Follow Your Heart* by Australian writer Andrew Matthews tells us that realizing our dreams is life's biggest challenge.

You may think you're not very good at some school subjects, or that it is impossible for you to become a writer. 102

In fact, everyone can realize their dream. The first thing you must do is remember what your dream is.

103 Keep telling yourself what you want, and you will realize your dream faster.

Do this step by step. A dream cannot be realized in one day. A big dream is, in fact, many small dreams.

You must also never give up on your dream. There will be difficulties on the road to realizing it. But the biggest difficulty comes from yourself. 104 Studying instead of watching TV will lead to better exam results, while saving five yuan instead of buying an ice cream means you can buy a new book.

105 But it is OK as long as you have the chance to learn more skills and find new interests.

- A. Or they can be small.
- B. Don't let it leave your heart.
- C. Having a happy life means giving.
- D. You need to decide what is most important.
- E. As you get closer to your dream, it may change a little.
- F. Then it may help them to be confident to face challenges.
- G. These kinds of thoughts stop you from getting your dream, the book says.

XI . 书面表达 (20 分)

同学们, 课堂是学生学习生活的“主阵地”。三年来, 在课堂上, 发生了太多太多我们难以忘怀的场景: 快乐的、悲伤的、尴尬的、有趣的……通过课堂, 我们步入了知识的殿堂, 放飞了美丽的梦想。通过课堂, 我们拥有了许多难忘的回忆。那么, 有没有一堂课让你印象深刻? 这节课为什么让你觉得特别。请以“A special lesson”为题, 写一篇英语作文。

要点: 1. 描述一下这课堂上发生的故事 2. 通过这节课你学到了什么

注意: 1. 包含以上要点, 可适当发挥; 2. 不要出现真实人名, 校名; 3. 词数: 不少于 100 词。
